TO HELP YOU MANAGE YOUR MEDICATIONS

THIS DOCUMENT IS AIMED AT EDUCATING PATIENTS SUFFERING FROM ARTHRITIS WHO ARE TREATED BY PEDIATRIC RHEUMATOLOGISTS IN ORDER TO HELP THEM MANAGE THEIR MEDICATIONS.



## STIEDS TO WALKE

## **IMMUNOSUPPRESSIVE DRUG**

(ex.: Methotrexate<sup>™</sup>, Enbrel<sup>™</sup>, Humira<sup>™</sup>, Remicade<sup>™</sup> et Arava<sup>™</sup>)

#### O SUPER!

#### BE ALERT!

#### BE CAREFUL!

- No fever
- No symptoms of infection
- Good drug tolerance
- Mild symptoms of infection (ex.: clear nasal discharge, mild dry cough).
- No fever
- General well being
- Infection:
- · Localised (ex.: ingrown nail) Generalized (ex.: flu, tonsilitis, urinary tract infection, etc.)
- Fever ≥38,0°C
- Surgery

### Wait 24 to 48h to evaluate progression (temporarily delay your treatment) If improvement of If worsening general well-being of symptoms of infection

#### DO NOT TAKE your treatment and see a doctor as soon as possible

If the infection is confirmed by the doctor, do not inject the medication until there are no further signs of infection and fever. If the doctor prescribes antibiotics, it is important to continue taking the whole prescription until it is finished, even if you feel better.

It's important to wait until you have no more symptoms of infection and that the antibiotics be taken completely before you:

Continue your treatment as prescribed by your doctor

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FOR FURTHER INFORMATION, PLEASE CONTACT THE RHEUMATOLOGY CLINIC AT 514-345-4931 ext. 4713

#### **MEDICATION**

Stomach Protection

Losec<sup>TM</sup> (Omeprazole)<sup>1</sup>

Prevacid™ (Lansoprazole)<sup>2</sup>

#### ACTION

Protects stomach

against irritation

caused by NSAIDs

#### SIDE EFFECTS TO WATCH OUT FOR

Rare

### Non steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs (N\$AIDs)

Naprosyn™ (Naproxen)³ Indocid™ (Indomethacin)4 Voltaren™ (Diclofenac)5 Mobicox<sup>™</sup> (Meloxicam)

Reduces pain and inflammation caused by arthritis

- Abdominal pain
- Blood in the stools
- Increased risk of bleeding (bruises)
- Headache



**Corticosteroids** Prednisone<sup>MD</sup> (Apo-Prednisone)6

PLAQUENIL

Reduces inflammation

- Increased appetite
- Trouble sleeping
- Mood change/irritability
- Abdominal pain
- Osteoporosis (makes bones more fragile)
- Rounder cheeks
- Risk of adrenal gland dysfunction
- Increase risk of infections
- Hypertension (high blood pressure)

fever (≥38,0°C), see a doctor as soon as possible. Follow carefully the plan of weaning your doctor provides to you.

Never stop without doctor's advice. If

• Take it, in the morning, at the same time.

Take 30 minutes before breakfast.

Stop your medication and contact your

physician if you suffer from these side effects.

If you are in pain, you may take Tylenol™

(acetaminophen), but you must never take

Ibuprofen (Advil™, Motrin™) in addition

· Take it after your meal.

to your anti-inflammatories.

- Watch what you eat to prevent gaining weight (salt, sugar, fat).
- Take calcium and vitamin D to maintain healthy bones.

### Disease modifying antirheumatic drugs (DMARD;)

Salazopyrine™ (Sulfasalazine)7 Plaquenil™ (Hydroxychloroguine Sulfate)8 Arava™ (Leflunomide) MethotrexateMD (MTX)9

Reduces inflammation

- Abdominal pain
- Diarrhea
- Nausea and vomitting
- In the long term, risk of retinal toxicity, blurred vision (Plaquenil™)
- Liver toxicity
- Mouth cankers
- Increase in the risk of infection (\*See diagram on STEPS TO TAKE)

- See an ophtalmologist every 6 months to prevent damage to the eyes (Plaquenil™).
- Always get your blood test each month or as recommended by your doctor.
- If you feel nausea in the 2 days after taking your MTX, inform your doctor; a drug to prevent nausea (ex.: Gravol<sup>TM</sup>, Zofran<sup>TM</sup>) may be prescribed.
- Take your folic acid supplement as prescribed by your doctor.
- Use contraception at all times.
- Take a flu shot each year.

## modifying drugs

Enbrel™ (Etanercept)¹º Humira<sup>™</sup> (Adalinumab)<sup>11</sup> Remicade™ (Infliximab)

Reduces inflammation

- Increased risk of infections
- Redness at injection site

- Need to stop if you will have surgery.
- Avoid live vaccines (RRO and VZV).
- Take a flu shot each year.
- Respect injection schedule carefully.

# Biologic response

(\*See diagram on STEPS TO TAKE)

Headache

\*The appearance of these medications may vary. The side effects mentioned here are only the main adverse events and do not represent an exhaustive list. Please refer to the product monographs for the complete lists of side effects associated with these drugs or consult with your doctor or treatment team for further information. 04/13

